M. & S. M. RAILWAY

AUCTION

An auction sale of unclaimed property will be held at Salt Cotaula, commencing from 12 noon on Monday the 17th December 1945. Goods will be on view from 10 a.m. on each day of sale.

Catalogues may be obtained from the Yard-in-charge, Lost Property Office, Arkonam, Salt Godown, the Asst. Transportation Superintendent, Madras Central, and Messrs. Murray & Co., Mount Road, Madras.

This auction is held in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890.

T. STEPHENSON,
Chief Commercial Manager.
Madras, 20-11-'45.

Bengal Nagpur Rly.

NOTICE

1. With effect from the 1st of December, 1945, a Dining Car Service will be introduced on No. 2 Up and 1 Dn. Calcutta-Bombay Mail trains between Howrah and Dongargarh.

2. On and from the same day the Dining Car Service now running by 4 Up and 3 Dn. Madras Mail trains between Howrah and Wallair will only run between Howrah and Visianagram.

3. Passengers by Up Calcutta-Madras Mail desirous of having lunch at Waltair may do so by giving previous notice to the Train Guard.

TRANSPORTATION | MANAGER.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPTT. OF SUPPLY. U. P. CIRCLE.

TENDER NOTICE.

The Controller of Supplies (Disposals), U.P. Circle 16/31, The Turrets, Civil Lines, Cawnpore, invites offers for the purchase and removal of the following stores available at H. & S. Py. Cawnpore:—

1. Brass Strips Hard & Soft varying from 10 to 90 S.W.G. of different lengths —56407.85 lbs. (2) Brass Rod of assorted sizes—10596.58 lbs. (3) Brass Sheets of sizes—8530 lbs. (4) Brass Screws and Washers CSK. Head, B.A. Thread with Hex Nut—608 Gross. (5) Brass Wood Screws, CSK. Head—2.296 Gross. (6) Brass & Copper Rivets—350 lbs. (Approximate quantities are approximate).

The materials will be sold without guarantee of their conditions and subject to the condition of Contract and open to term Con. 117, which can be seen at the Offices of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals Branch) of all areas and Director of Disposals, New Delhi. Stores can be inspected at Stockholder's premises, Particulars of stores giving correct quantity, size, etc., under each category, may be obtained on application to this office.

Offers in Tenders in own form in sealed cover superscribed Tender No. "UPD-413/416/BRASS STRIPS, ETC." should be accompanied by deposit at call receipt of Rs. 1,300 in favour of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), U. P. Circle Cawnpore, and should reach this Office by 4 p.m., on 12-12-1945, at the latest when a decision open for acceptance upto 31-12-1945.

Delivery of stores will be at site and removal should be completed within 14 days of the issue of Acceptance letter. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for one or all the items. The rates quoted should be per lb. for items 1, 2, 3, 6 and in Gross for items 4 & 5.

ELECTION NOTICES

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY
Election 1st Dec. '45
TANJORE /CUM - TRICHY
VOTERS !

Please Vote for Me

N. KANDASWAMY PILLAI.

READ THE
KALAIMAGAL
MAGAZINE
"EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY"
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Professor, Govt. Commercial Institute Calcutta. Recommended as a Text-book for the different Indian Universities. Indispensable for competitive examination.
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15, College Square, Calcutta.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR YUGOSLAVIA

KING PETER'S PROTEST AGAINST DECISION

LONDON, Nov. 30.

Exiled King Peter declared last night that the new Yugoslav Republic was created in violation of the Tito-Subasic agreement and long before the country had reached "any degree of freedom and stability."

Marshal Tito's proclamation, approved yesterday by the Constituent Assembly, creating a new regime and the effect of removing such a decision from out of the hands of the people themselves, and placing it entirely within his own and those of the "National Front", the King asserted in a statement in London.

The decision has caused no surprise in London, where it had long been expected as part of the known policy of Marshal Tito, whose Government recently received an overwhelming vote of confidence at the polls.

The problem standing out of the Tito-Subasic agreement was how and the effect of removing such a decision from out of the hands of the people themselves and placing it entirely within his own and those of the "National Front", the King asserted in a statement in London.

The decision has caused no surprise in London, where it had long been expected as part of the known policy of Marshal Tito, whose Government recently received an overwhelming vote of confidence at the polls.

The problem standing out of the Tito-Subasic agreement was how and the effect which provided for a plebiscite on the question of monarchy could be counteracted by the Tito Government with the argument that the recent general election, in which the Communists won the main issues, was in fact such a plebiscite.

QUESTION OF BRITISH RECOGNITION

LONDON, Nov. 30.

No fresh recognition of the Yugoslav Government is considered in London necessary in view of the decision taken yesterday's Constituent Assembly to declare a Republic, it was officially stated in London this morning. Britain maintains recognition at present.

The recognition of Marshal Tito's Government is considered to hold good despite the constitutional change.

Technical difficulties preventing the question in when the British Ambassador is to be accredited under the new regime in the absence of the Regent will be cleared in the next few weeks.

JAP ILL-TREATMENT OF INDIANS

STOPPED ON SUBHAS BOSE'S ARRIVAL

NAGPUR, Nov. 28.

That the ill-treatment of the Indian prisoners-of-war in Japanese hands stopped with the arrival of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in Malaya was revealed by Govind Rao Kirde of the 46th Mobile Workshop Company hailing from the Akola District, who worked in the headquarters of Division No. 2 of the I. N. A. and who is now here, in a press interview.

Mr. Kirde, who was recently discharged from the Army on his return home, said that the members of the I. N. A. were trained in every type of fighting, training being given entirely by Indian officers. The Japanese had no hand in the training or command of the I. N. A. soldier had encounters with the Japanese only in connection with the Japanese orders to test his own training. All disciplinary matters as well as punishments were wholly carried out not only among the I. N. A. men but also among the 30 lakhs of civilians who lent support to the Azad Hind Fauj and the Azad Government.

"Daily rains up the Irrawaddy River in the Pegu Hills" he said "the area was encircled by the Allied forces and of the thousands of men belonging to the Indian National Army only one man, Shah Nawaz, could break through successfully to Kalaw". Mr. Kirde added, the rest of the Netaji was subsequently captured at Pegu.

RANI OF JHANSI REGIMENT'S ENDURANCE

Proceeding Mr. Kirde referred to the Rani of Jhansi regiment and said that the ladies belonging to that Regiment fought their way to Kalaw for 16 hours near Mountain and sustained injuries. While the ladies fought fully equipped with rifles and hand-grenades, the Allied advance Force was ultimately forced to retreat but their stand near Kalaw was for them completion on all hands.

Mr. Kirde further revealed that in 1942 Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, while addressing the Allied forces in Burma at Rangoon, had asked them to go to the countryside under the rains and return to their homes.

When Andamans, and Nicobar Islands were liberated they were renamed as "Swaraj" and "Shaheed Islands. The Tricolour Flag of the I.N.A. was hoisted there for 13 days on the receipt of news of the death of Kasturba Gandhi.

BOSE'S VISIT TO RUSSIA

The Azad Hind Newspaper had publish-ed that Mr. Subhas Bose, who is now absent for about six weeks, had been to Russia. Local Marwari merchants questioned him on his return and confirmed that he had visited Russia.—U.P.I.

TIDAL WAVE HAVOC IN KARACHI DISTRICT

CORPORATION TO OPEN RELIEF FUND

KARACHI, Nov. 30.

The Karachi Municipal Corporation informed its meeting to-day as a mark of respect to the memory of the victims and their lives as a result of the tidal wave on November 28. The Corporation has decided to start a relief fund to assist the victims in the Karachi district.

Mr. Pir Mohamed, Chairman of the Fishermen's Association, informed the house that according to one estimate nearly 600 fishermen from their lives near Keti Bunder and Behram Bythari. Mr. Pir added that a telegram addressed to fishermen on his return and confirmed that he had visited Russia.—U.P.I.

Accounts of loss of life and damage to properties continue to be received here from the area affected by the tidal wave on November 28. According to one version, the town of Keti is a vast sheet of water only house-tops being visible above it. The population of Pasni is estimated at less than 1,000, but the place is said to be an important port on the Makran coast. The Custom House is reported to have been damaged. Special relief has been arranged for the Government to those affected by the loss of property and to render aid to the victims. Cable communication is expected to be restored.

The Rest of the Sofia Stella has arrived at Karachi and is in consultation with the Port and other authorities. He said that the Sofia Stella had not experienced any earthquake shocks for many years. The people became cautious, he said, so that there was no loss of life. He has also rushed all parties to launches.

Reports from all over the Province show that the whole of Sind experienced earthquake shocks at 3-59 a.m. on November 28.—A.P.I.

GWADUR AND JIWANI FLOODED

KARACHI, Nov. 29.

The Deputy Conservator, Karachi Port Trust, states that a country craft has grounded near the harbour face, but no occupants were reported by a recent inquiry and the craft refloated after the tidal wave subsided. Reports from Gwadur and Jiwani —British Overseas Airways, flying 800 miles west of Karachi—indicate that three houses were flooded as a consequence of the tidal wave.—U.P.I.

"ORIGINAL VEL" RACING ANNUAL

MADRAS, Nov. 30.

The "Original Vel" Racing Annual for 1944-45 maintains all the features which has made it useful book of reference to racegoers, Bodds of the Madras, Calcutta, Bombay and Poona meetings during the season in review have been set out and the almanac carries a general index with particulars of English, Australian and Indian horses, Jockeys, etc. This book may be had from the "Original Vel" Printing Works, Davidson Street, G. T., Madras.

HEAVY INDUSTRIES FOR PROVINCES

EVEN DEVELOPMENT NECESSARY

SIR M. VISVESVARAYA'S PROPOSAL

BOMBAY, Nov. 29.

The suggestion that two new heavy industries should be started in every Province immediately after the war, Government were not serious in the declaration that they intend "to promote rapid industrialisation of the country", is made by Sir M. Visvesvaraya in a memorandum on the development of heavy industries in the Provinces. The more important of the heavy industries are shipping and ship-building, steel, coal, automobile, aeroplane, internal combustion engines, machine tool manufacture, manufacture of mill machinery and electrical machinery, aluminium and rayon.

For promoting the heavy industries provincial leaders and businessmen are being approached says Sir M. Visvesvaraya. "Many such citizens scem willing, with reasonable co-operation from the Government, to undertake responsibility for starting at least two new heavy industries in their respective areas by collective effort, as part of a general programme of industrialization for the whole country."

By distribution of two or three heavy industries for a province they will come to be evenly distributed in some extent throughout the country and that all the necessary key industries will have been introduced into the country in two or three years' time, Sir M. Visvesvaraya will be, according to Sir M. Visvesvaraya, that by the time demobilisation the occupation of all the Provinces in all parts of the country, will be ready to start work on the scheme. At the present time, the country has some money earned by war industries and some nations to spare for the purpose. The Government should interest themselves so that the savings are put to good use for the future interests of the population. Heavy industries will require larger quantities of raw materials and parts of machinery and they often lead to considerable growth of minor industries in the neighbourhood. Thus many subsidiary provisions will spring up and there will be a very appreciable increase in employment.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya assumes that the capital cost of two new heavy industries will be between Rs. 5½ crores and Rs. 8 crores for every provinces and that the total initial cost of 24 such industries will come to about Rs. 200 crores. There will be no difficulty about finding the necessary capital. Experience shows that if a new heavy industry is started with a capital of say Rs. 2½ crores, the gross value of output of such an industry in its undeveloped stage in India may be Rs. 24 crores.

MANUFACTURE OF MACHINERY IN INDIA

Of the hundred crores mentioned, Rs. 8½ to 40 crores will go to capital goods, machinery to be purchased from abroad. Sir M. Visvesvaraya suggests that the money for this to do, if capital goods cannot be obtained by the sterling area from America and Europe, it to begin to manufacture heavy machinery and machine tools on a large scale in India in new industries centres within the country itself. Visits to factories in America and Canada which was part of India will demonstrate the fact that small size, intricate machinery can be manufactured and there being produced to replace articles which were supplied by the enemy before the war. Such parts are being made not only for local consumption but are being made and sent for use in distant places throughout the country.

"It is the experience of persons who have seen machine manufacturing industries in Germany, Britain and Berlin and the manufacture of large size machinery is possible in India and is not difficult, but because people are unwilling to take risks, but because experts cannot be obtained, nor because of lack of competent men to direct operations, but because of the fear that after the war the products may not be profitable in the country."

NEED FOR AN INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT

ESSENTIAL FOR SPEEDING UP INDUSTRIALISATION

BOMBAY, Nov. 30.

The creation of an "industrial Organisation" at the headquarters of the Government of India is suggested by Sir M. Visvesvaraya as the best means of speeding up the industrialisation of the country.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya says: "Since the Government of India are earnest in the matter of developing the country, they will have to start new industries, their very first effort in this direction should be to provide them with a sound "economic" organisation" and place in it sufficient working staff. Now there is no one at the headquarters of the Government of India actively engaged in or concerned with measures of a constructive character, and to give effect to any of the plans and schemes prepared by the Planning and Development Department, the Government should announce their permanent abandonment of the policy discouraging local production of steel and encouraging import from abroad.

Civilian industries which have suffered enormously during the war are short of raw materials, lack of facilities for import and export and the usual supply of coal. Should we put on their feet again.

As India's high-grade iron ore resources are limited a well thought out policy on the part of the Government is called for to trade coal and make it available only for the best purposes. The low-grade coal cannot be used, must be laid down. Steps to prevent the export of high-grade coal. The practice of discriminating rates by the railways must be given low-grade coal.

Special steps should be taken, wherever possible to develop and use for industrial purposes railway electric hydro-electric power undertakings, and to develop on large scale alternative sources of power like coal, oil, etc., should also be vigorously pursued.

PROTECTION TO INDUSTRIES

BOMBAY, Nov. 29.

The view that the Tariff Board should be able to do better work if it recommended periods of protection for five years instead of three years as contemplated at present, was expressed by Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, at the annual general meeting of the Chamber to-day. Mr. Dahanukar considered the period of three years too short since it was not known when exactly an agreement would establish a permanent Tariff Board.—A.P.I.

ACTUARY EXAM. RESULTS

MADRAS, Nov. 30.

Information has been received by cable that the following candidates who appeared for the Preliminary Examination of the Institute of Actuaries, London, held at Madras in July 1945 have passed (writes the Secretary to the Committee of Management, Examinations, Madras): Balam, G. Ramachandra, Bombay; Bhide, Shri Govinda Rao, B. A. (U.S.); Srinivasan, V. S. (U. S.). The rest have failed.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR ON INDIA'S FUTURE

DISTRUST OF BRITAIN DEPLORED

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 29.

Addressing a Durbar for the Sardars of Gujarat this evening, Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, said that the present period was a period of opportunity in a national as well as an international sense. In many countries of the world the war years constituted a break with the past and a new departure in national life. Nowhere else was this position more true than in India. India, he said, had emerged from the war with a high status among the leading nations of the world.

Referring to the political developments in India, His Excellency said that the proposed Constituent Assembly should be allowed to deliberate in a calm and thoughtful atmosphere. There is of course misgivings reported in the Press were not conducive to such an atmosphere. "As a Governor, of course, I have now no politics, but perhaps, because in the past I have been a Conservative Member of Parliament and, therefore, politically opposed to the Party now in power in Britain, I can speak with greater frankness.

GROWING LOSS OF GOODWILL

"I have no doubt as to the genuine desire on the part of the Imperial Government of Great Britain to give India complete self-government as quickly as possible, and I know that many of their members are feeling puzzled and baffled that so far the only response to their declaration has been talk of renewed violence. As one who believes that the healing of this great country can be linked in free association with the British Commonwealth of Nations a belief of mutual understanding, I must say that I regret deeply the loss of good feeling and goodwill which is undeniably taking place in these days. There is a way to progress and that is through negotiation, through agreement and understanding, and not through violence and coercion on either side".—A.P.I.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, arrived in Bombay on November 30 by air from New Delhi.

With immediate effect all restrictions relating to the subject matter in connection with telegrams with Hongkong, Malaya and Singapore have been withdrawn, states a notification issued by the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department.

On a request from the Punjab Congress Committee, the General Secretary of the A. I. C. C. has extended the date of appointment of primary Congress members in the Punjab to December 15 (states a Lahore message).

Britain is responsible for Egyptians drinking alcoholic liquor, and that is indirectly responsible for the increase in gambling, divorce and crime, says the Egyptian Temperance Society. Before the British occupation in 1882 there was not a single bar in Egypt, but now there are more than 4,000.

Pilgrim ships, Rawagi and Englistan, sailed from Jeddo on November 25 and 26 and are expected to reach Bombay on December 4 and 5 respectively, says a Press Note issued in New Delhi. Special arrangements have been arranged for the transport of these pilgrims.

The Crime Statistics and offices of heads of departments were closed on the afternoon of November 27 as a mark of respect to the memory of Dewan Bahadur C. Gopalan Nair, who died the previous day (writes our Cuttack correspondent).

A mass meeting of Cape Town Moslems held under the auspices of the Cape Moslem League has passed a resolution expressing their confidence in Mr. Jinnah and the Moslem League, and urging the Viceroy to call Mr. Jinnah to form a Government at the Centre in response to Mr. Jinnah's appeal.

The war having ended, it has been decided to close the Belgian Military Schools at Castel Colleps, Belgium, on December 15, 1945, at this number of cadets remained in the camps training for emergency commissions have been greatly reduced, says a Press report from New Delhi.

As a result to the communal clash which occurred on Bakri-Id day in the village of Darwa, in Purnea district, about 120 Harijan huts have been attacked according to an official report available here. Inside of Kishanganj sub-division on November 28 and another 28 from the Purnea Central Prison (says a Lucknow message).

Crikers and bafflesplus may be able to cook at Singapore, Bombay's greatest naval base in the Far East by Spring, it was stated here, says a Colombo message. Several floating docks of different sizes are being towed in from various parts of the world to make this possible, though many remains to be done and large sums of money must be spent if Singapore is ever again to win back her pre-war importance.

Field-Marshal Count Terauchi, Supreme Commander of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces, southern regions, made the final symbol of the surrender of his troops when he handed his sword to Lord Louis Mountbatten, Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, Supreme Allied Commander, South-East Asia, at a private ceremony at the headquarters of Supreme Allied Command, South-East Asia Headquarters on Friday.

The South African Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Durban Corporation) has recently made a contribution of 25 guns (Rs. 1,000 approximately) to the All-India S. P. C. A. The object of this liberal gift is to assist in connection with the war "veterans" (animals used in the war). We presume all the animals for which their services so richly merit on their return home.

General Timoshenko, former Commander of Japanese troops in the Philippines, now on trial for war crimes before the United States Military Commission in Manila and the two officers to be executed, stated at the end of his direct examination, that he had always regarded war as "a complete disagreement with his ideals." "I never ordered, never condoned and never had knowledge of any of the crimes with which I am charged," he said. "If I had known of them I would have tried every possible means to stop them and would have punished them to the fullest extent of the military law."

About 80,000 men, it is estimated, will return from the armed forces to the United Provinces by the end of March 1946, following demobilisation in the Indian Army, which started last month. The Defence Department of the Government of India, it is reliably learnt, has requested the Government of the United Provinces to give to the Government of the United Provinces about 100 acres in each district as part of the Demobed Depot at Bareilly in the Central Provinces and to open a permanent headquarters to teach servicemen improved methods of agriculture.

U. S. PUBLICATIONS FOR INDIA

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.

Prof. M. S. Sunderam, the Delhi Government Educational Liaison Officer in the United States, in-charge of the Indian Office of America that he has instituted a programme, which he hopes will enable Indian's years' stoppage of flow of American periodical and cultural literature to India due to dollar pool regulations.

Prof. Sundaram said that he had obtained an encouraging response from American agencies to exchange publications. He said that his proposals to arrange with all the Indian Libraries, publishers and research institutions such as the Oriental Research Institute and the Indian Institute of Science to send to the United States 30 copies each of their publications in exchange of similar shipments from the United States.

Prof. Sundaram is at present contacting the Indian institutions of this character and is compiling a list of those who are interested in the project.—U.P.A.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 A.M.
POONA, Nov. 30.

Station.	Temp. in shade. Max.	Min.	Past 24 hrs.	Rainfall. Since 1st June	Departure from normal
Abu	75	61	..	70.8	+58.5
Ahmedabad	86	62	..	30.7	+15.5
Ahmednagar	86	49	..	18.3	— 7.1
Ajmer	82	49	..	20.5	..
Akola	88	60	..	30.9	+ 8.0
Allahabad	82	56	..	46.2	+ 9.1
Alleppey	86	75	..	107.4	..
Amraoti	90	58	..	30.6	+ 8.1
Aurangabad	86	56	..	21.4	— 0.6
Bangalore	86	67	..	22.2	—11.0
Baroda	87	62	..	43.1	..
Belgaum	84	61	..	43.0	— 8.6
Bellary	90	63	..	11.3	— 9.0
Benares	81	51	..	40.3	— 0.4
Bhopal	84	63	..	40.9	+ 9.7
Bombay	85	77	..	88.0	+15.0
Calcutta	82	69	..	53.4	+ 6.0
Calicut	86	75	..	108.1	—14.4
Canjeepore	86	70	..	54.5	—11.1
Cherrapunji	62	49	..	866.2	—93.0
Cochin	86	76	..	99.8	+ 0.6
Colombo	82	68	..	46.0	+ 1.7
Coimbatore	88	65	..	23.0	— 3.4
Coimbatore	86	66	..	22.0	— 1.4
Cuttack	86	72	..	50.7	— 4.1
Darjeeling	66	41	..	100.5	..
Dehra Dun	81	47	..	47.6	+ 7.0
Delhi	81	47	..	29.2	+ 5.8
Goa	84	71	..	87.2	—11.4
Gorakhpur	82	55	..	40.7	+ 1.2
Gulbarga	89	57	..	25.4	— 1.1
Hanamkonda	86	62	..	39.3	..
Hyderabad (Dn.)	83	58	..	29.8	+ 0.6
Hyderabad (Sd.)	82	58	..	3.1	— 3.5
Indore	86	51	..	30.9	+ 2.1
Jamshedpur	82	53	..	54.4	..
Jubbulpore	83	49	..	41.7	+ 4.2
Kakinada	86	72	..	40.1	— 1.1
Khandwa	90	59	..	33.0	— 4.0
Kodaikanal	69	52	..	30.4	— 0.3
Kurnool	88	59	..	20.8	+ 2.6
Lahore	81	47	..	21.1	+ 3.4
Lucknow	86	54	..	33.3	— 7.4
Madras	86	76	..	26.3	— 6.0
Mahabaleshwar	69	58	..	240.1	+44.0
Mangalore	89	73	..	13.7	+ 2.3
Mannargudi	89	69	..	18.3	— 1.0
Masulipatam	86	72	..	108.5	—16.2
Meerut	79	49	..	5.0	— 2.4
Minicoy	86	77	..	69.7	—11.8
Mysore	86	59	..	20.2	+ 4.9
Nagpur	86	58	..	39.1	+ 4.6
Nagapattam	86	68	..	42.2	— 1.3
Nandyal	90	62	..	20.0	+ 4.0
Parbhanikal	76	46	..	23.1	+14.0
Pachmarhi	77	57	..	50.1	..
Palghat	88	70	..	42.3	— 4.1
Pamban	86	77	..	29.1	— 3.8
Peshawar	78	50	..	23.7	— 3.0
Poona	86	58	..	30.1	+ 3.6
Quetta	56	26	..	5.0	— 0.8
Rajkot	86	61	..	25.8	+ 0.8
Rajpur	87	54	..	40.8	+10.0
Ranchi	78	52	..	53.2	+ 2.2
Ratnagiri	89	68	..	94.9	— 2.0
Ratnagiri(Sd)	86	68	..	94.9	— 4.0
Shillong	61	44	..	190.4	+22.1
Sholapur	89	61	..	20.7	+ 4.1
Simla	69	51	..	45.8	+ 6.6
Srinagar	72	38	..	23.2	+ 7.3
Trichinopoly	88	73	..	45.1	— 1.2
Trivandrum	89	73	..	63.3	— 7.7
Vizagapatam	86	72	..	53.1	— 7.2

General Summary: Weather has been dry over the country.

Forecast for the evening of December 1: The weather will be generally dry over the country. Night will generally be slightly cooler than usual in the Peninsula, its central parts of the country, Gujarat, Saurashtra and the southern divisions of the United Provinces and of Bengal.—A.P.I.

(Weather report for South India on page 4)

SHIPPING NEWS

STEAMERS EXPECTED
(From Messrs. Paterson & Co.)

HOMEWARD

MADRAS, Nov. 30.
Kidsman Park: in Cuddalore Harbour, leave for Sc. John N.B.
Fort Gangavati Due on Dec. 4 at Visagapatam, leaving for U.K.

OUTWARD

Ocean Wayfarer: In Harbour, leaving for Lourenco Marques, date not known.

FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION

Samuel Due in Madras in mid-December.
Mahanadi: Due in Madras at the end of December.
Samtridesh: Due in Madras in January, 1946

FOR CALCUTTA

Empire Faith: In Madras, date of leaving for Calcutta not known.
Dupleix Victory: Due in early December, date of leaving for Calcutta not known.
Brisbane Star: Due in early December, date of leaving for Calcutta not known.
Donwarnoch: Due in early December, date of leaving for Calcutta not known.
Calcutta: Due in mid-December, date of leaving for Calcutta not known.

COASTAL
IN HARBOUR

Empire Barsai: Date of leaving for Calcutta not known.
Tavistanki: Leaves for Calcutta, date not known.
Glen Mantrosst: Leaves for Visagapatam, date not known.
Gravel: In Harbour, leaves for Calcutta date not known.
Alakshmi: Due to early December, for Calcutta.
Nawabi: Due December 1, will leave for Calcutta.

FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION

Lyder Sagens: Off Madras.
Narjhesan: Off Madras.
Jalapadma: Arrival Due in Madras, shortly.
Pallikonda: Due in Madras shortly.

CARDINAL NEWMAN CENTENARY

MADRAS, Dec. 1.

The Cardinal Newman Centenary was celebrated by the Madras Y.M.C.A. Public Club, Mylapore, at the Y.M.C.A. Esplanade, The Rev. Mr. Tucker presiding.

Begum Mir Ameruddin said that Cardinal Newman was a man of deep spiritual life and one of the makers of the nineteenth century. His views on education were applicable even now. He emphasised the dangers of a purely secular education without any religious background. He was very sorry to see the very well known religious atmosphere of Kodaikanal would be acquired for its own sake. In Cardinal Newman's days they realised that a tendency to be indifferent to the claims and to religion, the subversion of the supernatural was most common.

Prof. M. Sreenambotiar said Cardinal Newman was a highly scientific genius and though he was ever suffering from pain, sorrow and grief, he gave forth sunshine and voices for the world.

Dr. A. Krishnaswami said that Newman imparted a moral tone to University education. The speaker then referred to the ornate diction of Newman's writings. Professor Ignatius Atkinson spoke of Newman as a great man of letters.

The Chairman said that Newman always appeared as a great and lonely figure in the nineteenth century. He (the chair) studied the thought of the century and their great deliberations made up his mind before giving expression to his views. Though he was greatly disturbed by his contemporaries, he never lost courage and faith.

With a vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Maxim A. Lebbe, the meeting terminated.

MADRAS BOARD OF FILM CENSORS

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

The Board of Film Censors, Madras, has been re-constituted with effect from December 1 with the following 10 ladies and gentlemen as members: The Commissioner of Police, the Statistical Officer, Prof. St. George, the Director of Publicity, Mr. W. Pyke Khan Bahadur S. Muhammad Ali Jesti Bahadur, Mrs. Meenambal Sivaraj, Mrs. Krishnaveni, Mrs. Nurjehan Imamuddin, and Messrs. R. Krishnamachari, P. Seshagiri Rao, Sreenivasa Mudaliar, G. Venkiah Chetti, S. A. A. Annamalai Chetti, T. G. Singaravelu Chetti, G. Bapia Chowdry, Dr. Narayana Jacob, K. S. Ranga Rao, M. M. Jagannathan and P. L. Narayanan.

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